

THE HAWAIIAN STAR.

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MONDAY, JULY 3, 1893.

MORE ABOUT NORDHOFF.

In Mr. Nordhoff's letter of May 23, partly given in our columns on Saturday, the weakness is even more conspicuous than the insincerity. He runs to twaddle. He has several times characterized Honolulu as "this queer gossip little town." Whatever social element of that sort exists here, he seems to have tumbled right into it. It has infected his whole letter, especially those portions which we omitted to reprint. He found somebody who had actually kept lists of the people who had attended the royal "functions" for several years, and favors the *Herald's* readers with extracts therefrom. Has this once great and eminent journalist really fallen into dotage? It looks that way. One hardly knows whether most to commiserate the silliness of this letter, or to censure its pervading crookedness.

Mr. Nordhoff writes something like a column in citing the testimony of a "missionary" people here to the ex-Queen's immaculate character. This testimony is partly that they used to associate with her and attend her parties, and partly that they often spoke favorably of her, and said nothing about any defects of conduct. He does not produce any positive statement by these good people that her character was spotless, for no one of them ever made such a statement. What they did not say is really to be taken as somewhat significant, and the ex-journalist is twaddling very poor stuff when he quotes as decisive the very guarded words of commendation which they were wont to use. As kind-hearted and wise persons, so long as the Queen's attitude was not decisively hostile to their aims and social opinions, they would do their best to speak kindly of the exalted lady. They would exhibit all possible friendliness toward her socially, in the hope that she might lend her powerful royal influence in favor of temperance, education and honest living, and against gambling, lotteries, vices and drunkenness. In this hope it was their duty to ignore, as far as possible, her suspected lapses from propriety, as long as there was no pronounced public scandal. Nothing could justify any other course under the existing circumstances.

When the Queen deliberately threw off the cloak and put herself openly at the head of the lottery conspirators, and undertook to assume practically absolute power, all hope was gone of influencing her for better things. War was openly declared by herself on all that these people whom Mr. Nordhoff quotes had been contending for. All the conditions were changed. What is more, the particular scandal referred to by him had become emphasized by her obstinate retention in office of the person concerned. It had also received extensive publicity through John E. Bush's exposures of it.

At the same time, it is due to these "missionary" people to say that they have been the last ones to give circulation to that kind of scandal belonging to a known and necessarily much tolerated weakness of Hawaiian character. All the literature on that subject proceeding from them will be found to have let that subject severely alone, until full publicity had been given to it by other agencies. The element of idolatry they freely spoke of. The other topic they habitually avoided.

One thing, however, Mr. Nordhoff and his Royalist friends ought thoroughly to understand: that a renewal of Government by pariahs is a thing that the controlling forces in Hawaii are not at all likely to take any chances of having imposed upon them.

"SHE TOLD ME SO HERSELF."

The following clipping from a recent interview with Harold M. Sewall in the columns of the *Examiner* will be read with interest, especially by Royalists, with whom Mr. Sewall during his stay here had better opportunities of meeting and associating with than other journalists, with the possible exception of Mr. Nordhoff:

"To my mind annexation must be the inevitable result of the present complication in the Hawaiian Islands. Every one who looks into the matter at all, whether Annexationist, Royalist or one who professes to have no political affiliation in the premises, concedes

that annexation must be. The Queen told me so herself. She and all her supporters recognize the fact that there must be in Honolulu some flag under which there can be protection from insult and annoyance. "I do not mean to say, however, that the Provisional Government as it now exists is unable to cope with any emergencies that may arise at home. There is no fear of serious internal dissensions. There always must be, however, a fear that at some time some nation might see fit to throw a bomb into Honolulu or to clip the wings of the Island republic or whatever form of local government might be in power. The people of all parties in the Islands are simply waiting to know what action the United States Government will take. Blount is recognized as the possessor of the great power of recommendation. Each side, therefore, stands somewhat in awe of him, treating him with the utmost respect and trusting that his recommendation will be in its favor."

THE June number of the *Cosmopolitan Magazine*, a copy of which is now on our table, contains an article by Rev. H. H. Gowen on the "Rise and Decline of the Hawaiian Monarchy." It is a bright, readable article, fully up to the average standard of that magazine, and admirably illustrated with photographs. It is pervaded by a kindly feeling towards the native Hawaiians and the defunct monarchy, although the author is not blind to the causes of its fall, which he regards as having been inevitable. His slight historical sketch gives a fair general impression of the course of events, although it ignores the darkest part of the story, and abounds in inaccuracies. For instance, he omits the reign of Kamehameha V entirely, making Liliuokalani succeed Kamehameha IV immediately.

"Kalakaua," he says, "may be said to have brought about the downfall of the Hawaiian monarchy." His account of the last two reigns deals lightly with the burning question of the time, but there is no willful perversion of history in the interest of any party. In this respect it offers a contrast to certain articles in the *Diocesan Magazine*.

The closing sentence of Mr. Gowen's article, which is full of meaning, is as follows: "It is sad when the real interests of a country are not identical with the supposed interests of the natives; but the main fact of the situation, namely, that the native stake in the good government of the country is small as compared with that of the foreign population, must be faced before the difficulty can be finally settled."

THE NORDHOFF CASE IN HAWAII.

The indignation of the members of the Hawaiian Provisional Government against Mr. Charles Nordhoff, the correspondent of the New York *Herald* in Honolulu, is not without foundation. Mr. Nordhoff went out to make a case against the Hawaiians, and in the line of his preconceived program he has worked more diligently than scrupulously. For this reason his letters, purporting to describe the true condition of affairs in the islands, have failed to influence or interest many minds not previously prejudiced against the idea of annexation.

We observe that in discussing the recent attempt of the Hawaiian Government to hold Mr. Nordhoff responsible for some of his more flagrant misstatements, and his appeal to Mr. Blount for such protection as paramount authority can extend, the *Herald's* editorial view of the affair is much distorted. That journal remarks:

"The *Herald's* special correspondent committed no offense against the Hawaiian Provisional Government, except freely giving to the world true news which that Government wanted suppressed. The audacious action of the Provisional leaders in keeping with their policy of gagging the local press. A so-called Government whose doings will not bear the light of truth must indeed be open to question."

The actual truth of the matter is, that Mr. Nordhoff was molested not for fearlessly proclaiming true news which the Government wanted suppressed, but for publishing in New York and Honolulu the charge that a majority of the members of the Hawaiian Advisory Council had signed the lottery petitions in Liliuokalani's time, when, in fact, not one single member of the present Council had done so. Technically, Minister Blount may be entirely right in interposing for Mr. Nordhoff's protection the precedent of the Cutting case, but that international question of jurisdiction has nothing to do with the moral and journalistic question of Mr. Nordhoff's truthfulness and accuracy as a correspondent.

If the *Herald* had read carefully Mr. Nordhoff's own dispatch, printed in the same number as the benedictory editorial article from which we have quoted the foregoing passage, it would not be talking about any high-handed outrage upon a correspondent whose only crime was fearlessness in telling the truth. In fact, Mr. Nordhoff has been compelled to retract publicly in Hawaii the statement regarded by the members of the Council as libellous. He now writes to the *Herald* as follows:

"In speaking of the Lottery bill I remarked that a considerable number

of persons now in or employed by the Provisional Government had signed these petitions; that the passage of the bill was a professed cause for upsetting the Government; and the Queen. This is true, but I had the ill luck to name, among a number of others, three—Messrs. Hoogs, Lansing and McChesney—who now say they did not sign the petitions. As to all the rest there is no doubt. These three complained to me, and I at once published an apology in the local papers, and I express my regret for being misled as to them. I also was mistaken in saying that almost all of the Provisional Assembly signed the petition. Only a part did so."

This is a very mild and adroit withdrawal of the conspicuously untrue and flagrantly unjust accusation against the honor of the men who have overthrown a ridiculous monarchy, and established a republican form of government in Hawaii, and who are patriots in the same sense as the leaders of the revolutionary movement in America nearly one hundred and twenty years ago. But Mr. Nordhoff's own confession, in the columns of his own newspaper is sufficiently explicit to make the *Herald's* editorial article appear absurd. It likewise proves that recklessness is a better word than fearlessness to use in describing his assertions concerning matters in Hawaii.—*New York Sun*.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Official Program of To-morrow's Exercises.

National Salute.—A Salute will be fired by the Shore Battery at Sunrise. Parade of Antiques and Horribles. At 6 A.M., the procession will start on Fort Street; thence to King Street, to Punchbowl Street, to Berea Street, to Richards Street, to Hotel Street, to Nuuanu Street, to Queen Street, to Fort Street, to place of starting.

BOAT RACES COMMENCING AT 8 A.M.
Boats. Prizes.
1. Six Oar Sliding Seat. \$20
2. Whole Boat. 20
3. Six Oar Stationary Seat. 20
4. Four Oar Sliding Seat. 15
5. Fourteen Oar Barge. 25
6. Shell Race. 10
7. Four Oar Stationary Seat. 15
8. Swimming Race, 75 Yards. 10

LITERARY EXERCISES.
Overture,—"The Diadem." Hermann Hawaiian Band.
Invocation. Rev. O. P. Emerson
National Song—"The Battle Cry of Freedom."
Reading of the Declaration of Independence. By Commander Thomas Nelson of the U. S. S. Adams.
Medley,—"American Airs," Arranged by H. Berger, Hawaiian Band.
Address. Lieut. Lucius Young, U. S. N. Closing with "America."

NATIONAL SALUTE.
A salute will be fired by the shore battery at 12 o'clock noon.
BASE-BALL GROUND, COMMENCING AT 2 P.M.
1. Tug of War. \$5
2. 100-yard Foot Race. \$2 50 and \$5
3. 75-yard Foot Race. \$2 50 and \$5
4. 75-yard Foot Race, Girls. 2 50 and 5
5. Potato Race, 20 Boys. 2 50 and 5
6. Potato Race, 20 Girls. 2 50 and 5
7. Three Legged Race. 5
8. Root and Shoe Race, Boys and Girls. 5
9. Base Ball, League Game, Kamehamehas and Crescents.

National Salute.—A Salute will be fired by the Shore Battery at Sunset.

BY AUTHORITY.

FOREIGN OFFICE NOTICE.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
Honolulu, July 1, 1893.
MR. A. MURRAY BEATTIE has this day been appointed Hawaiian Consul at Vancouver, British Columbia. 83 31

PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE BUILDING,
Honolulu, June 30, 1893.

It is hereby ordered that until further notice, the right of the writ of Habeas Corpus is hereby suspended and Martial Law is hereby declared to exist in and throughout the Districts of Hanalei and Waimea on the Island of Kauai. (Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE, President of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Approved: J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.
W. O. SMITH, Attorney-General.

ACT 40.

AN ACT TO INCREASE THE FACILITIES TO DEPOSITORS AND PROVIDING FOR TERM DEPOSITS IN THE HAWAIIAN POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

Be it enacted by the Executive and Advisory Councils of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands:

Section 1. The Postmaster-General, as manager of the Postal Savings Bank, with the consent and approval of the Minister of Finance, may issue to any person Term Deposit Certificates in the name of the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank, for deposits of not less than Five Hundred Dollars, nor more than Five Thousand Dollars.

Section 2. The amount so deposited shall draw interest at a rate not to exceed six per cent. per annum to be computed in accordance with the law regulating the Bank. Such deposits shall not in the aggregate exceed \$150,000, at any one time.

Section 3. The term for which any deposit shall be received under this Act shall not exceed twelve months.

Section 4. The form of the said certificates shall be as follows, and shall contain the conditions hereinafter set forth:

HAWAIIAN POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

CERTIFICATE.

No. Honolulu, 189...

Received from in

Coins, Dollars on

Deposit, payable in Coin on presentation of this Certificate, properly indorsed.

This deposit is made for months, and will bear interest from 189... at

By Authority.

the rate of per cent. per annum, and in accordance with the conditions printed hereon.

Interest Approved:

Minister of Finance.

CONDITIONS.

Present this certificate at the Postal Savings Bank at the expiration of the term stated hereon. Interest will cease at that date.

Holders at a distance may indorse this certificate and send by mail to the Postal Savings Bank, when it will be paid.

This Certificate may be transferred by endorsement, and principal with interest will be paid to the holder hereof.

Section 5. This Act shall take effect from the day of its publication.

Approved this 15th day of June, A.D. 1893.

(Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE,

President of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

(Signed) J. A. KING,

Minister of the Interior.

IRRIGATION NOTICE.

Holders of Water Privileges, or those paying Water Rates, are hereby notified that the hours for using water for irrigation purposes, are from 6 to 8 o'clock A.M., and 4 to 6 o'clock P.M., until further notice.

ANDREW BROWN,

Supt. Honolulu Water Works.

Approved: J. A. KING,

Minister of the Interior.

Honolulu, H. I., April 1st, 1893.

6-11

WATER NOTICE.

In accordance with Section 1 of Chapter XXVI of the Laws of 1886, all persons holding water privileges or those paying water rates are hereby notified that the water rates for the term ending December 31, 1893, will be due and payable at the office of the Honolulu Water Works, on the 1st day of July, 1893.

All such rates remaining unpaid for fifteen days after they are due, will be subject to an additional 10 per cent.

Rates are payable at the office of the Water Works, in the Kapahua Building. All amounts over ten dollars, payable in United States gold coin.

ANDREW BROWN,

Supt. Honolulu Water Works.

Honolulu, June 16, 1893. 74 1m

New Advertisements.

YACHT RACE

Juy Fourth.

Open to all yachts below 5 tons measurement.

FIRST PRIZE \$50.
SECOND PRIZE \$25.

Donated by the Fourth of July Celebration Committee, subject to three or more yachts starting.

The yachts will assemble off the Pacific Mail Dock at 10 A.M. at which hour a preparatory gun will be fired from the Judges' boat. The starting gun will be fired at 10:30 A.M. sharp.

Course to be sailed and printed rules can be had by the sailing master of each yacht on application to the Secretary or the Judges.

List of entries will be open at the office of the Secretary, Fort Street, until 2 P.M. Monday, July 3.

JUDGES: CAPT. KING, C. B. WILSON, CAPT. GRIFFITH, J. M. DOWSETT, CAPT. FULLER, C. P. LAUKA, By W. M. GIFFARD, Secretary.

83 11

Wanted to Purchase

PARTIES having any of the old Hawaiian stamps similar to the above type, will find a probable purchaser by addressing, with full particulars, until July 15th, H. A. KENWICK, General delivery P. O. City. 83 1W

NOTICE.

HEREAFTER the Annexation Club Rooms will be open for the transaction of business between the hours of 6 and 9 P.M. only PER ORDER.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

A HORSE suitable for carriage or saddle, young, sound, gentle, and well broken. Price \$45, also new saddle and harness. Inquire at PALACE ICE CREAM PARLORS. 83-31

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR DEFRAYING the expenses of the coming Fourth of July Celebration can be left at the below mentioned offices and stores, where the lists are now open:

HOLLISTER & CO., BENSON, SMITH & CO., HOBSON, NEWMAN & CO., HAWAIIAN NEWS CO.

79-12

General Advertisements.

OAHU RAILWAY & LAND CO.'S

TIME TABLE.

From and After June 1, 1893.

TO EWA MILL.

Leave Honolulu 8:45 1:45 4:35 5:10

Leave Pearl City 9:30 2:30 5:10 5:50

Arrive Ewa Mill 9:57 2:57 5:36 6:22

TO HONOLULU.

Leave Ewa Mill 6:21 10:43 3:43 5:42

Leave Pearl City 6:55 11:15 4:15 6:10

Arrive Honolulu 7:30 11:55 4:55 6:45

A—Saturday only. C—Sunday excepted. B—Drive. D—Saturday excepted.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco on the following dates, till the close of 1893:

FROM HONOLULU TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Warrimoo (Van) July 1

Peru 10 July 7

Oceanic 10 July 17

Australia 10 July 27

Rio Janeiro 10 July 25

Monowai 10 July 27

City of N York 10 July 31

Miowera (Van) Aug 1

Gaelic 10 Aug 8

City Peking 10 Aug 15

Australia 10 Aug 16

Alameda 10 Aug 24

Warrimoo (Van) Aug 31

Australia 10 Sept 13

Mariposa 10 Sept 21

Oceanic 10 Sept 25

Miowera (Van) Oct 2

Australia 10 Oct 11

Monowai 10 Oct 19

Warrimoo (Van) Nov 1

China 10 Nov 8

Australia 10 Nov 8

Alameda 10 Nov 16

Miowera (Van) Dec 2

Oceanic 10 Dec 4

Australia 10 Dec 6

Alameda 10 Dec 14

Warrimoo (Van) Jan 1

City Peking 10 Jan 2

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO HONOLULU.

China 10 July 10

Australia 10 July 12

Warrimoo (Van) July 21

Mariposa 10 July 27

Oceanic 10 Aug 8

Australia 10 Aug 9

Miowera (Van) Aug 22

Monowai 10 Aug 22

Australia 10 Sept 6

Warrimoo (Van) Nov 21

China 10 Nov 28

Australia 10 Dec 14

Miowera (Van) Dec 26

Oceanic 10 Jan 3

Australia 10 Jan 3

Warrimoo (Van) Jan 21

City Peking 10 Jan 2

76 1d

General Advertisements.

Genuine Clearance Sale!

All Goods in our Large and Varied Stock Marked Down to the Lowest Prices.

Brewer Block.

EGAN & GUNN.

514 Fort Street.

Call and see the bargains we are offering.

Grand Excursion to Kahului

JULY 4th JULY 4th

The Steamer "Likelike"

Will leave Honolulu, Monday Afternoon, July 3rd, at 5 o'clock, arriving at Kahului early Tuesday Morning, July 4th. Leaving Kahului, Tuesday Night, July 4th, will arrive at Honolulu, Wednesday Morning, July 5th.

TICKETS

For the Round Trip: CABIN, \$7.50; DECK, \$3.00.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP CO.

Honolulu, June 22d, 1893.

76 1d

1776.

1893.

Base-Ball

Kamehamehas

VS.

Crescents.

TUESDAY, - - JULY 4th,

At 3:30 p.m.

HAWAIIAN BASEBALL ASSOCIATION GROUNDS.

ADMISSION:

Adults, 25 cents; Children, 10 cents.

27 1f

At

THOS. G. THURM'S